Norwich Road Academy

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15th September 2023

Dear Parents and Carers,

NRA European Day of Languages Celebration – 26th September 2023

Every year, throughout Europe, there is a celebration of European Languages. You can find out more about it and educational activities here: <u>https://edl.ecml.at</u>

Norwich Road Academy will be joining the fun on Tuesday 26th September! Not only is this an opportunity to explore the cultural variety of Europe but also an opportunity to acknowledge the range of languages that our children learn at home.

It will be a day of enjoyable and creative activities, to inspire everyone to love learning a language and to find out more about the world around us.

Children can dress up in the colours of the flags that class is learning about. **There will be a donation of £1 per child**. This will also contribute towards food tasting. *Please note that teachers will have a list of the dietary needs of all children.*

Each teacher has chosen a European country to focus on and the children will spend time 'travelling' to their country. Please see these listed below. They will have the opportunity to explore the range of history, geography, music and tastes of Europe.

Parents and carers are very welcome to see what the children have learnt, and should arrive at the school office for 2.45pm where they will be issued with visitor's labels, before going to their child's class.

| Class to dress up in flag colours | Country | Colour of Flag |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Nursery | Lithuania | Yellow, green and red |
| Butterflies | France | Red, blue and white |
| Ladybirds | Spain | Red and yellow |
| Grasshoppers | Austria | Red and white |
| Robins | Portugal | Red and green |
| Wagtails | Italy | Green, red and white |
| Hares | Germany | Red, Yellow and Black |
| Kingfishers | Greece | Blue and white |
| Otters | Austria | Red and white |
| Owls | Basque | Red, green and white |
| Badgers | Ukraine | Blue and yellow |
| Foxes | Belgium | Black, yellow and red |

Best wishes

Miles.

Principal









'Building our love of learning together'

20 THINGS YOU MIGHT NOT KNOW ABOUT EUROPE'S LANGUAGES



THE SILBO LANGUAGE of La Gomera, Spain, is an ancient whistling language and is still being taught in local schools.

MALTESE

is the only European language in the Afro-Asiatic family (which includes Arabic, Hebrew, Berber, and Hausa).

Aoccdrnig to a rscheearch sudty, it deosn't mttaer in waht oredr the ltters in a wrod are; the olny iprmoatnt fatcor is taht the frist and Isat Itteres be at the rghit pclae. Tihs is beuseae the huamn mnid deos not raed ervey Iteter by istlef, but the wrod as a wlohe.

EUSKARA,

the Basque language, is believed to be one of the oldest European languages. Its origins are unknown.



Russian was the first language spoken in OUTER SPACE.

LITHUANIAN is very similar to ancient Sanskrit and is the oldest spoken Indo-European language.



It is believed that about 70,000 YEARS AGO

a change happened in the human brain that allowed humans to suddenly develop complex language and thoughts about things that are not immediately visible. This led to the ability to develop ideas, plans, beliefs and bigger concepts and being able to express these with language.



More than half of Europe is **BILINGUAL**.

Languages have around 50.000

words or more. Typically, native speakers know

15,000 to 20,000

word families but individual speakers normally use only a few hundred.

There are about 225 INDIGENOUS LANGUAGES in Europe - roughly 3% of the world's total.

You may know much more Greek than you think! You are certainly familiar with alpha, beta, delta, gamma and perhaps π and P. In fact mathematics, astronomy, biology, geography, technology, philosphy, not to mention politics, democracy and many more common terms in Europe's languages all have their origins in Greek!



THE MOST DIFFICULT TO PRONOUNCE?

The Czech letter ř is said to be one of the most difficult letters to pronounce in the world – except if you are Czech!



The EUROPEAN CHARTER FOR REGIONAL OR MINORITY

LANGUAGES of the Council of Europe is the only treaty in the world which aims to protect and promote traditional regional and national minorities' languages.

The mother tongues spoken by most people in Europe are Russian, German, French, English and Turkish, in that order.



One of the main Serbian orthographic rules is "WRITE AS YOU SPEAK AND

READ AS IT IS WRITTEN".

This means that even proper names coming into Serbian from another language are transcribed according to their pronunciation: for instance, New York is Njujork, and Gérard Depardieu is Žerar Depardje.



More than 200 FAKE LANGUAGES have been created for literature and cinema (such as Elvish in "Lord of the Rings" and Klingon in "Star Trek").

> Recent medical studies have shown that learning a second language MAY delay the onset of **DEMENTIA** by several years.

INDO-GERMANIC LANGUAGES

derive from an ancient language that existed 4000-5000 years ago. Most linguistic ethnologists locate it with human cultures living somewhere in the area of the Caspian Sea. From there it spread to Europe and as far as India.

According to UNESCO, at least

of the estimated 6000 languages spoken in the world are ENDANGERED.

KINSHASA,



the capital of the D. R. of the Congo, is the world's second largest French speaking city, after Paris, and before Montreal and Brussels.







